

3.3 Gender, Water and Poverty

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Key Resources

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http://www.thewaterpage.com/Documents/Poverty_and_sustainability.PDF

Asia Development Bank, 2004. *Water and Poverty: Fighting Poverty through Water Management*,

The publication outlines a framework for action linking poverty to water security and introducing related issues of governance, water quality issues, livelihood opportunities, capacity building and empowerment

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This publication is suitable for those wishing to carry out participatory assessments that look at gender poverty and sustainability indicators within the context of water and sanitation.

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Valfrey Bruno, Christophe Le Jallé and Pierre-Marie Grondin, undated. *Gender, Water and Poverty in West Africa: Move on to Action*.

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This gives research methods and indicators for measuring the impact of poverty reduction. Four country studies from India, Bangladesh, Ghana, and Uganda are presented. The report describes the research process and summarises key findings. Incorporates gender perspectives and gives some interesting examples and analysis of gender differences. Raises some questions about the importance of quantitative indicators to communities and describes the use of meta-indicators.

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The handbook is useful for policy makers and other stakeholders designing gender sensitive projects.

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The paper examines the methodological and policy issues and suggests strategies for using water as a key instrument to address poverty and gender concerns.

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The purpose of this background paper is to provide an analytical framework and illustrative cases on the linkages between water, gender and poverty alleviation in the MENA region in preparation for the forthcoming flagship MENA development report on water. This paper will attempt to argue that it makes economic sense to make sure that women and female farmers and small-scale entrepreneurs have the same access to water as men and male farmers both for domestic and irrigation purposes, while at the same time highlighting the challenges and limits of doing so.

Nunan F, and D. Satterthwaite, 1999. *Urban governance, partnership and poverty: the urban environment*.

This is a working paper and there are a series of them looking at the urban environment. They focus on the effects of diseases, vectors and chemical hazards and are meant for policy makers and practitioners.

Roy, J. and B. Crow, 2004. "Gender Relations and Access to Water: What we want to know about social relations and women's time allocation," Centre for Global, International and Regional Studies, WP 2004-5, University of California, Santa Cruz

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The report contains discussion of the gender mainstreaming debates on economic reform and poverty. It highlights the importance of gender to economic reforms and poverty linkages. It concludes with a look at the implications for policy and practice.

Available at: <http://www.bridge.ids.ac.uk/reports/re50.pdf>

UNEP, 2002. *Water for the Poor*

This report presents a road map for delivering water services to the poor. It shows how business has begun providing an enabling environment needed to accelerate progress.

UNEP, 2002. *Where are the poor? Experience with the development and use of Poverty Maps*

This publication shows how international, national and local decision making bodies to direct investments can use road maps.

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United Nations, 2002. *A World Summit on Sustainable Development TYPE 2 PARTNERSHIPS*, UN, Johannesburg. Available at:

www.johannesburgsummit.org/html/documents/crps/a_conf199_crp5.pdf

IWMI, 2000. *From bucket to basin.: Managing Rivers Basins to Alleviate water Deprivation*. Available at: <http://www.iwmi.cgiar.org/pubs/WWVisn/PovGender.htm>

IWMI, 2000. *Pedaling out of Poverty: Social Impact of a Manual Irrigation Technology in South Asia*

This research report offers an assessment of the social impact of the treadle pump technology for manual irrigation. The treadle pump can be a useful tool for poverty reduction.

Available at: <http://www.iwmi.cgiar.org/pubs/Pub045/Report45.pdf>

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This is a workshop report that gives a summary of the strategies in Eastern and Southern Africa of the poverty reduction strategies.

Available at: <http://www.cta.int/pubs/redpov/report.pdf>

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<http://www.iwaponline.com/wp/00505/wp005050503.htm>

Spanish Language Resources

Khosla, P, y Rebecca Pearl, 2003. *Conexiones claves. Genero, agua y pobreza.*, Organización de las Mujeres para el Medio Ambiente y Desarrollo (WEDO).

This paper presents an overview of the relationship between gender, poverty and water. The first section explores how, in every corner of the globe, women play a central role in managing water supply and distribution. It also examines how access to water and sanitation has implications for women's health and economic activities. Case studies highlight water projects and initiatives that have succeeded in elevating women's status.

Disponible en:

<http://www.aprchile.cl/pdfs/genero%20agua%20y%20pobreza%20en%20el%20mundo.pdf>

Soto, Betty y Virginia Chumacero, 2000. *Rol de la mujer en los sistemas de provisión de agua – Potosí – Bolivia*. Dirección: The World Bank.

Esta publicación revela el papel de la mujer en las actividades que realiza en forma cotidiana, haciendo hincapié su relación con un sistema de agua potable, el uso y consumo del agua, su participación en la organización que administra el servicio, el aporte de su fuerza de trabajo, el nivel de decisión y su cosmovisión. Resultados obtenidos a través de un estudio que muestra datos estadísticos y un análisis de género, como un aporte para estimular el debate en torno a la participación de la mujer en los sistemas de agua.

Espejo, Norah y Ineke van der Pol, 1994. *“Mejor, cuando es de a dos” – Guía de campo – La Haya Holanda, IRC - CINARA*. Primera Edición,

Guía de campo, orientada a promover y desarrollar la perspectiva de género en cada una de las fases del ciclo de un proyecto de agua y saneamiento. Presenta ideas, conceptos, listas de verificación, técnicas grupales, casos, cuadros, etc. Información producida en un Taller Latinoamericano.

Hermosa, Yenny Melgar, 2002. *Perspectiva de Género y Rol de la Mujer en la gestión de los recursos Hídricos en el Altiplano*.

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Khosla, P. and Pearl, R., 2003. *“Connections inexploitées : genre, eau et pauvreté”* Women's Environment and Development Organization (WEDO), New York.

Donnant un aperçu de la relation entre genre, eau et pauvreté, ce rapport évoque le rôle central des femmes dans la gestion et la distribution de l'eau. Il examine comment l'accès à l'eau et à l'assainissement a des implications sur la santé, les activités économiques des femmes et le développement durable dans son ensemble.

Disponible au:

http://www.wedo.org/files/untapped_eng.pdf [en anglais]

Web-sites

UNDP, Human Development Reports

This site has various human development reports with development index from around the globe. It is relevant for all levels within the development sphere and gives good reference statistics

<http://hdr.undp.org/>